ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedule

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT This section includes the opinion of the Library's independent auditing firm.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 8, 2022

Members of the Board of Trustees Plainfield Public Library District Plainfield, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Plainfield Public Library District, Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Plainfield Public Library District, Illinois, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Plainfield Public Library District, Illinois November 8, 2022 Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, the GASB-required pension, and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) reporting, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Plainfield Public Library District, Illinois November 8, 2022 Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Plainfield Public Library District, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the Plainfield Public Library District's financial performance provides an overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Library's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Library's net position increased from \$7,106,379 to \$7,950,516, an increase of \$844,137 or 11.9 percent.
- During the year, government-wide revenues totaled \$4,440,901, while government-wide expenses totaled \$3,596,764, resulting in an increase to net position of \$844,137.
- Total fund balances for the governmental funds were \$4,769,718 at June 30, 2022 compared to a \$4,241,529 prior year balances, an increase of \$528,189 or 12.5 percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances.

For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Library's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Library's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Library's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred outflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Library's property tax base, is needed to assess the overall health of the Library.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT – Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements – Continued

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the Library that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Library include culture and recreation.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Library only maintains governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Library's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Library maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Special Reserve Fund, both of which are considered major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules elsewhere in this report.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Library, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$7,950,516.

	Net Position		
	2022 202		
			_
Current/Other Assets	\$	9,274,421	8,639,708
Capital Assets		4,059,993	4,056,324
Total Assets		13,334,414	12,696,032
Deferred Outflows		307,003	240,960
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows		13,641,417	12,936,992
			_
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		182,974	729,986
Other Liabilities		78,753	90,026
Total Liabilities		261,727	820,012
Deferred Inflows		5,429,174	5,010,601
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows		5,690,901	5,830,613
Net Position			
Investment in Capital Assets		4,059,993	4,056,324
Restricted		101,893	122,266
Unrestricted		3,788,630	2,927,789
Total Net Position		7,950,516	7,106,379

A large portion of the Library's net position (51.0 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Currently, the Library does not have any debt outstanding.

The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Library's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion (1.3 percent) of the Library's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$3,788,630, or 47.7 percent represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

	Change in Net Position			
	2022 2021			
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	6,583	6,313	
Operating Grants		147,109	117,520	
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		3,897,615	3,751,361	
Personal Property Replacement Taxes		86,304	26,836	
Interest Income (Loss)		(28,231)	36,636	
Miscellaneous		331,521	506,588	
Total Revenues		4,440,901	4,445,254	
Expenses				
Culture and Recreation		3,596,764	3,465,135	
Change in Net Position		844,137	980,119	
Net Position-Beginning		7,106,379	6,126,260	
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Net Position-Ending		7,950,516	7,106,379	

Net position of the Library's governmental activities increased from \$7,106,379, to \$7,950,516.

Revenues of \$4,440,901, exceeded expenses of \$3,597,764, resulting in the increase to net position in the current year of \$844,137.

Governmental Activities

In the current year, governmental net position increased \$844,137, an increase of 11.9 percent. Property taxes increased \$146,254 over the prior year (\$3,897,615 in 2022 compared to \$3,751,361 in 2021) and operating grants increased \$29,589 from the prior year (\$147,109 in 2022 compared to \$117,520 in 2021). Personal property replacement taxes increased \$59,468 from the prior year (\$86,304 in 2022 compared to \$26,836 in 2021).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,769,718, which is 12.5 percent higher than last year's ending fund balance of \$4,241,529.

In the current year, governmental fund balances increased by \$528,189. The General Fund reported an increase of \$624,924, due primarily to an increase in property tax receipts and underspending of budgeted expenditures. The Special Reserve Fund reported a decrease of \$76,362, due primarily to the recording of interest loss in the current year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, there were no supplemental amendments made to the budget and appropriation ordinances for the General Fund.

The General Fund actual revenues were under budgeted revenues. Actual revenues for the current year were \$4,045,200 compared to budgeted revenues of \$4,094,433. This was primarily due to miscellaneous being \$115,081 under budget.

The General Fund actual expenditures were below the budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures totaled \$3,067,179, while budgeted expenditures totaled \$3,320,150. This was due primarily to cost savings in all categories except for technology processing supplies, and technology services, which slightly exceeded budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Library's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022 was \$4,059,993 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and collection.

The total net increase in the Library's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$362,957.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		
	2022	2021	
Land Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Collection	\$ 1,606,012 1,439,714 59,288 954,979	1,606,012 1,430,226 37,128 982,958	
Total	4,059,993	4,056,324	
This year's additions to capital assets included:			
Building and Improvements Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Collection	\$	105,413 29,956 227,588	
		362,957	

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Library's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2023 budget, including tax rates, and fees that will be charged for its various activities. One of those factors is the economy. The Library is faced with a similar economic environment as many of the other local governments are faced with, including inflation and unemployment rates.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Library Director, Plainfield Public Library District, 15025 S. Illinois Street, Plainfield, Illinois 60544.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

ASSETS

Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,913,072
Receivables - Net of Allowances	2,346,697
Prepaids	 14,652
Total Current Assets	 9,274,421
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable	1,606,012
Depreciable	5,916,778
Accumulated Depreciation	 (3,462,797)
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,059,993
Total Assets	 13,334,414
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Items - IMRF	266,857
Deferred Items - RBP	40,146
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	307,003
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,641,417

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 680
Accrued Payroll	54,021
Compensated Absences Payable	24,052
Total Current Liabilities	78,753
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences Payable	96,209
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	65,624
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	21,141
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	182,974
Total Liabilities	261,727
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	4,450,002
Deferred Items - IMRF	939,048
Deferred Items - RBP	40,124
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,429,174
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,690,901
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	4,059,993
Restricted	
Property Tax Levies	
Sites, Building and Equipment	101,893
Unrestricted	3,788,630
Total Net Position	7,950,516

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants	Net (Expenses)/ Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities				
Culture and Recreation	\$ 3,596,764	6,583	147,109	(3,443,072)
		General Revenue Taxes Property T Intergovernm Replaceme Interest (Loss Miscellaneou	Taxes nental - Unrestricted ent Taxes s)	3,897,615 86,304 (28,231) 331,521 4,287,209
	(Change in Net P	osition	844,137
	N	Net Position - B	eginning	7,106,379
	N	Net Position - E	nding	7,950,516

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS	General	Capital Projects Special Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals
Cash and Investments	¢ 4750245	1 990 206	274 221	6,913,072
Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$ 4,758,345	1,880,396	274,331	0,913,072
Property Taxes	2,152,769	_	192,073	2,344,842
Other	1,855	_	-	1,855
Prepaids	14,652	-	-	14,652
Total Assets	6,927,621	1,880,396	466,404	9,274,421
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	680	-	-	680
Accrued Payroll	54,021	_	_	54,021
Total Liabilities	54,701	-	-	54,701
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes	4,085,491	-	364,511	4,450,002
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources	4,140,192	-	364,511	4,504,703
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	14,652	_	_	14,652
Restricted	- -	-	101,893	101,893
Committed	-	1,880,396	-	1,880,396
Unassigned	2,772,777	-		2,772,777
Total Fund Balances	2,787,429	1,880,396	101,893	4,769,718
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	6,927,621	1,880,396	466,404	9,274,421

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,769,718
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore,	
are not reported in the funds.	4,059,993
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF	(672,191)
Deferred Items - RBP	22
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences Payable	(120,261)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(65,624)
Total OPEB Libility - RBP	 (21,141)
Net Position	 7,950,516

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		General	Capital Projects Special Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	3,581,804	_	315,811	3,897,615
Intergovernmental	Ψ	223,043	_	-	223,043
Fines and Forfeitures		6,583	_	_	6,583
Grants and Donations		10,370	_	_	10,370
Interest Income (Loss)		5,581	(33,812)	_	(28,231)
Miscellaneous		217,819	113,702	_	331,521
Total Revenues		4,045,200	79,890	315,811	4,440,901
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	_	3,067,179	11,530 144,722 156,252	689,281 - 689,281	3,767,990 144,722 3,912,712
Over (Under) Expenditures		978,021	(76,362)	(373,470)	528,189
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	_	- (353,097) (353,097)	- - -	353,097 - 353,097	353,097 (353,097)
Net Change in Fund Balances		624,924	(76,362)	(20,373)	528,189
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,162,505	1,956,758	122,266	4,241,529
Fund Balances - Ending		2,787,429	1,880,396	101,893	4,769,718

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 528,189
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities	
are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	362,957
Depreciation Expense	(359,288)
Disposals - Cost	302,494
Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation	(302,494)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions	
not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(214,035)
Change in Deferred Items - RBP	(21,563)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences Payable	4,326
Change in the Net Pension Liability - IMRF	523,701
Change in the Total OPEB Liability - RBP	19,850
Changes in Net Position	844,137

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Plainfield Public Library District (Library) is located in Plainfield, Illinois and was formed in 1988 to provide cultural and library services to the residents in Plainfield Township and surrounding areas in Will and Kendall Counties. The Library is operated under a Board of Trustees and librarian form of management.

REPORTING ENTITY

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Library complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Library. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds). The Library only reports governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities is (a) presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The Library's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Library first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Library's functions. The functions are supported by general government revenues (property and personal property replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property and personal property replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide Statements – Continued

The Library does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the change in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Library:

General fund is the general operating fund of the Library. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Library which are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Library maintains three nonmajor special revenue funds.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Library maintains one major capital projects fund and one nonmajor capital projects fund. The Special Reserve Fund, a major fund, is used to account for capital improvements at the Library.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is utilized.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Library categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market. The cost of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of more than \$5,000 are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Capital Assets – Continued

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Library as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	10 - 45 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 Years
Collection	3 - 10 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

It is the Library's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick leave. Unused sick leave may be accumulated up to 120 hours. Sick leave accumulated in excess of 120 hours may be used by employees retiring with an Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) pension to purchase additional service credit up to a maximum of one year of service credit at a rate of one month for every twenty days. No payment is made for accumulated sick leave when employees separate from service with the Library and therefore, the Library records no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave.

The Library accrues vacation leave at various rates when earned by eligible employees. Earned vacation leave is allowed to carry over to the next calendar year but may not be accumulated to an amount in excess of 1 ½ years of vacation leave at any given time. Vested or accumulated leave that is currently due and payable to retirees or terminated employees is recorded as a liability and expenditure in the General Fund. The balance of the liability is not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements report compensated absences as a liability and expense when earned. The liability recorded in both the government-wide and fund financial statements include payroll related payments for Social Security and Medicare taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if applicable.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" investment in capital assets."

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted each year for the General Fund, special revenue funds and capital projects funds on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriated lapse at fiscal year-end. The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

- In July or August, a tentative budget and appropriation ordinance for the fiscal year is prepared and submitted to the Board for review. The Board then adopts a tentative budget and appropriation resolution and makes the ordinance available for public inspection. The budgets are prepared by fund and itemized by object and purpose. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.
- Following a public hearing in August or September, the budget is adopted by the Board in the form of a combined annual budget and appropriations ordinance.
- During the fiscal year, transfers may be made between line items within the same fund by adopting an ordinance authorizing the transfers. Amendments to the budget may be made using the same procedures followed to adopt the original combined annual budget and appropriations ordinance.
- Budgeted amounts presented in the financial statements are those as originally budgeted.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Library's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Library to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Funds, and the IPRIME.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

The Illinois Public Reserves Investment Management Trust (IPRIME) is an investment opportunity and cash management service for Illinois Municipal Treasurers acting on behalf of counties, townships, cities, towns, villages, special road districts, public water supply districts, fire protection districts, drainage districts, levee districts, sewer districts, housing authorities, and all other political corporations or subdivisions of the State of Illinois. Participation in IPRIME is voluntary. IPRIME is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in IPRIME are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Concentration Risk, and Custodial Credit Risk

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits totaled \$3,803,213 and the bank balances totaled \$3,988,247.

Investments. The Library has the following investment fair values and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	Fair	Less Than			More Than	
Investment Type	Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,203,824	-	455,512	745,313	-	
Corporate Bonds	510,664	97,911	412,753	-	-	
Illinois Funds	500,899	500,899	-	-	-	
IPRIME	894,472	-	894,472	-		
	3,109,859	598,810	1,762,737	745,313		

The Library has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

- U.S. Treasuries of \$1,203,824 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Corporate Bonds of \$510,664 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Illinois Funds of \$500,899 are measured at net asset value per share as determined by the pool
- IPRIME of \$894,472 are measured at net asset value per share as determined by the pool

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Concentration Risk, and Custodial Credit Risk - Continued

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Library's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices beyond those mentioned in the Public Funds Investment Act, however, the policy does state investments will primarily consist of certificates of deposit, Treasury Bills and other securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government and the Illinois Funds. The investment in the Illinois Funds and IPRIME has an average maturity of less than one year.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Library's investment policy does not mitigate credit risk. At year-end, the Library's investments in the Illinois Funds and IPRIME were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Library's investment in the corporate bonds were not rated.

Concentration Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Library's investment in a single issuer. The Library places no limit on the amount it invests in any one issuer, however, diversification of the investment portfolio must be appropriate ass to the nature and amount of the funds. At year-end, the Library does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. To guard against this risk, the Library's policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank deposits in excess of FDIC at an amount not less than 102% of the fair market value of the funds secured with collateral held by an independent third party in the name of the Library. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Library's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments. At year-end, the Library's investments in the Illinois Funds and IPRIME are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2021 levy attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are collected in two installments in June and September. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	4. 1.606.012			1,606,012	
Land	\$ 1,606,012	-	-	1,606,012	
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Buildings and Improvements	3,708,834	105,413	-	3,814,247	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	102,950	29,956	-	132,906	
Collection	2,044,531	227,588	302,494	1,969,625	
	5,856,315	362,957	302,494	5,916,778	
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	2,278,608	95,925	-	2,374,533	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	65,822	7,796	-	73,618	
Collection	1,061,573	255,567	302,494	1,014,646	
	3,406,003	359,288	302,494	3,462,797	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	2,450,312	3,669	-	2,453,981	
Total Capital Assets	4,056,324	3,669	-	4,059,993	

Depreciation expense of \$359,288 was charged to the culture and recreation function.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

	В	Seginning			Ending	Amounts Due within
Type of Debt		Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
				0.655	100001	
Compensated Absences	\$	124,587	4,326	8,652	120,261	24,052
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		589,325	-	523,701	65,624	-
Total OPEB Liability - RBP		40,991	-	19,850	21,141	-
		754,903	4,326	552,203	207,026	24,052

Payments on the compensated absences, net pension liability, and total OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Library's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS – Continued

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Library's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to three months of budgeted operating expenditures.

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

	Capital					
	Projects					
	Special					
	General		Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals	
Nonspendable						
Prepaids	\$	14,652	-	-	14,652	
Restricted Sites, Building and Equipment		-	_	101,893	101,893	
Committed Capital Projects		-	1,880,396	-	1,880,396	
Unassigned	2	,772,777	-	-	2,772,777	
Total Fund Balances	2	,787,429	1,880,396	101,893	4,769,718	

NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION

Investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Governmental Activities

Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation

\$ 4,059,993

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Library is not currently involved with any lawsuits.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Library expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and loss of income. The Library has purchased commercial insurance to manage its risk exposure for general liability, property, workers' compensation, medial and other risks. The Library is also a member of Library Insurance Management and Risk Control Combination (LIMRCC). LIMRCC administer the program and pays claims on behalf of the members from the proceeds of member payments up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The members pay the first \$1,000 of each loss. LIMRCC may assess the members' equally additional payments if it determines the funds of the program are insufficient. There have been no significant reductions in coverage form the prior year and settlements have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past three years. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures in appropriate funds.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement System

The Library contributes to one defined benefit pension plan: the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement System – Continued

Plan Description

Plan Administration. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement System – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	35
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	38
Active Plan Members	40
Total	113

Contributions. As set by statute, the Library's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended June 30, 2022, the Library's contribution was 11.20% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2021:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	3.35% - 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.25%
Inflation	2.50%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement System – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. For nondisabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	25.00%	(0.60%)
Domestic Equities	39.00%	1.90%
International Equities	15.00%	3.15%
Real Estate	10.00%	3.30%
Blended	10.00%	1.70% - 5.50%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	(0.90%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Library contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement System - Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Library calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Library's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 1,219,143	65,624	(826,887)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total		
	Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 7,594,972	7,005,647	589,325
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	174,093	-	174,093
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	546,787	-	546,787
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	202,577	-	202,577
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	217,044	(217,044)
Contributions - Employees	-	82,007	(82,007)
Net Investment Income	-	1,150,255	(1,150,255)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(280,268)	(280,268)	-
Other (Net Transfer)	-	(2,148)	2,148
Net Changes	643,189	1,166,890	(523,701)
Balances at December 31, 2021	8,238,161	8,172,537	65,624

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement System – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Library recognized pension revenue of \$106,402. At June 30, 2022, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred	
		Outflows of	Inflows of	
		Resources	Resources	Totals
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	168,462	(10,211)	158,251
Changes of Assumptions		5,911	(61,604)	(55,693)
Net difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	(867,233)	(867,233)
Total Pension Expense				
to be Recognized in Future Periods		174,373	(939,048)	(764,675)
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		92,484	-	92,484
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	_	266,857	(939,048)	(672,191)

\$92,484 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2023. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	N	Net Deferred		
Fiscal		(Inflows)		
Year	of	Resources		
·		_		
2023	\$	(168,902)		
2024		(306,745)		
2025		(165,298)		
2026		(123,730)		
2027		-		
Thereafter		-		
Total		(764,675)		

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Library's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the Library. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Library. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Library Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment by the eligible retirees of 100 percent of health insurance premiums. The Library does not pay any portion of the cost of coverage for retirees.

Plan Membership. As of June 30, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	-
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	37
Total	37

Total OPEB Liability

The Library's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – Continued.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Discount Rate	4.09%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(500/ for 2022 decreasing to

PPO 6.50% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2037 HMO 6.50% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2037

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs 100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High-Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PubG.H. -2010 Mortality Table - General with Mortality Improvement using Scale MP-2020. The Mortality Table reflects recent rates developed by the Society of Actuaries.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 40,991
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	1,033
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability	893
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(14,734)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(7,042)
Benefit Payments	-
Other Changes	
Net Changes	(19,850)
Balance at June 30, 2022	21,141

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.09%, while the prior valuation used 2.18%. The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Current				
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	((3.09%)	(4.09%)	(5.09%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	19,295	21,141	23,151	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a varied Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

			Healthcare		
			Cost Trend		
	19	% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase	
	(Varies)		(Varies)	(Varies)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	23,988	21,141	18,696	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$1,713. At June 30, 2022, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals	
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	(22,295)	(22,295)	
Change in Assumptions		40,146	(17,829)	22,317	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-	-		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB		40,146	(40,124)	22	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Net Deferred
Fiscal	C	Outflows/(Inflows)
Year		of Resources
2023	\$	(213)
2024		(213)
2025		(213)
2026		(213)
2027		(213)
Thereafter		1,087
Total		22

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	Ι	Actuarially Determined Contribution	in the I	ontributions Relation to e Actuarially Determined contribution	ontribution Excess/ Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015 2016	\$	172,484 196,726	\$	174,743 203,728	\$ 2,259 7,002	\$ 1,560,945 1,635,293	11.19% 12.46%
2017 2018		200,053 183,619		200,078 183,619	25 -	1,634,423 1,542,969	12.24% 11.90%
2019 2020		198,394 205,487		198,394 205,487	-	1,701,124 1,799,392	11.66% 11.42%
2021 2022		208,847 203,264		208,847 203,264	- -	1,785,805 1,815,159	11.69% 11.20%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 23 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% - 13.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection

scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability June 30, 2022

		12/31/2014	12/31/2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost	\$	194,595	176,497
Interest	Ψ	349,048	394,624
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		71,606	99,448
Change of Assumptions		208,951	7,943
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(192,990)	(206,234)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		631,210	472,278
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		4,659,379	5,290,589
Total Pension Liability - Ending	_	5,290,589	5,762,867
Dlan Eidysiamy Not Dogition			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer	\$	174,743	203,728
Contributions - Members	Ф	71,162	103,485
Net Investment Income		240,209	21,466
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(192,990)	(206,234)
Other (Net Transfer)		38,226	65,777
Not Change in Plan Eiduciam Not Position		221 250	100 222
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Net Position - Beginning		331,350 3,911,397	188,222 4,242,747
Tian Not Fostion Beginning	_	3,711,377	1,2 12,7 17
Plan Net Position - Ending	_	4,242,747	4,430,969
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	1,047,842	1,331,898
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		80.19%	76.89%
Covered Payroll	\$	1,560,945	1,635,293
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a			
Percentage of Covered Payroll		67.13%	81.45%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021
187,449	175,228	153,131	167,992	180,149	174,093
428,880	453,134	473,282	495,945	522,524	546,787
(42,329)	115,841	(55,910)	(36,621)	29,929	202,577
(24,988)	(206,517)	214,923	-	(119,926)	-
(230,457)	(254,501)	(261,480)	(263,870)	(269,703)	(280,268)
210 555	202 105	522.046	262.446	242.072	C42 100
318,555	283,185	523,946	363,446	342,973	643,189
5,762,867	6,081,422	6,364,607	6,888,553	7,251,999	7,594,972
6,081,422	6,364,607	6,888,553	7,251,999	7,594,972	8,238,161
	,	,	,	,	, ,
200,078	183,812	192,341	201,401	205,568	217,044
73,558	72,603	72,248	79,781	80,580	82,007
305,010	837,665	(289,604)	991,531	864,926	1,150,255
(230,457)	(254,501)	(261,480)	(263,870)	(269,703)	(280,268)
33,441	(88,982)	100,135	(249,446)	(11,957)	(2,148)
381,630	750,597	(186,360)	759,397	869,414	1,166,890
4,430,969	4,812,599	5,563,196	5,376,836	6,136,233	7,005,647
4,812,599	5,563,196	5,376,836	6,136,233	7,005,647	8,172,537
1,268,823	801,411	1,511,717	1,115,766	589,325	65,624
1,200,023	001,111	1,011,717	1,110,700	207,525	00,021
79.14%	87.41%	78.05%	84.61%	92.24%	99.20%
1,634,423	1,555,091	1,605,514	1,772,901	1,790,661	1,822,368
77.63%	51.53%	94.16%	62.93%	32.91%	3.60%
11.05/0	31.33/0	9 4 .10/0	04.93/0	32.71/0	3.0070

Other Post-Employment Retiree Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability June 30, 2022

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022
	•				
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	4,157	4,573	2,353	2,009	1,033
Interest	-	1,921	1,746	1,021	893
Changes in Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected					
and Actual Experience	-	-	(11,930)	-	(14,734)
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	-	3,322	(15,078)	1,250	(7,042)
Benefit Payments	(1,178)	(1,259)	-	(3,367)	-
Other Changes	51,020	37	394	-	-
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	53,999	8,594	(22,515)	913	(19,850)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		53,999	62,593	40,078	40,991
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	53,999	62,593	40,078	40,991	21,141
Covered-Employee Payroll	1,527,300	1,527,300	1,792,321	1,792,321	1,639,446
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.54%	4.10%	2.24%	2.29%	1.29%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragrapgh 4 os Statement 75.

Changes of Assumptions. There were changes of assumptions related to the discount rate in 2018 to 2022.

General Fund

Budget Original and Final Actual Revenues Taxes \$ 3,618,461 3,581,804 Intergovernmental 132,122 223,043
and Final Actual Revenues \$ 3,618,461 3,581,804
Revenues Taxes \$ 3,618,461 3,581,804
Taxes \$ 3,618,461 3,581,804
Taxes \$ 3,618,461 3,581,804
Intergovernmental 132.122 223.043
Fines and Forfeitures 2,000 6,583
Grants and Donations - 10,370
Interest Income 8,950 5,581
Miscellaneous 332,900 217,819
Total Revenues 4,094,433 4,045,200
Expenditures
Culture and Recreation
Personnel 2,230,500 2,091,414
Contractual Services 17,000 15,521
Technology Processing Supplies 30,900 34,954
Technology Services 222,800 223,111
Office Expenditures 182,650 148,012
Equipment and Furnishings 20,000 3,917
Programming and Outreach 82,500 81,209
Print Materials 271,500 215,597
Non-Print Materials 259,300 251,459
Other Materials 3,000 1,985
Total Expenditures 3,320,150 3,067,179
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues
Over (Under) Expenditures 774,283 978,021
Other Financing (Uses)
Transfers Out - (353,097)
Net Change in Fund Balance 774,283 624,924
Fund Balance - Beginning 2,162,505
Fund Balance - Ending <u>2,787,429</u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund, a major fund, accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Social Security Fund

The Social Security Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for payment of the employer's portion of Federal Social Security and Medicare taxes.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is used to account for the Library's participation in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy which produces a sufficient amount to pay the Library's contributions to the fund on behalf of its employees.

Audit Fund

The Audit Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for the annual audit of the Library.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary and Trust Funds.

Special Reserve Fund

The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for capital improvements at the Library.

Sites, Building and Equipment Fund

The Sites, Building and Equipment Fund is used to account for Library building maintenance and operational related costs. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	
	and Final	Actual
Taxes		
Property Taxes	\$ 3,618,461	3,581,804
Intergovernmental		
Replacement Taxes	21,000	86,304
Per Capita Grant	111,122	136,739
•	132,122	223,043
Fines and Forfeitures	2,000	6,583
Grants and Donations		
Gifts and Memorials		10,370
Onts and Memorials		10,570
Interest Income	8,950	5,581
Miscellaneous		
Photocopies	4,500	5,945
Fax Fees	1,000	1,087
Non Resident Fees	2,000	3,156
Overlapping Districts Agreement Revenue	314,000	315,622
Miscellaneous	11,400	(107,991)
	332,900	217,819
Total Revenues	4,094,433	4,045,200

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	
	Original	
	and Final	Actual
Culture and Recreation		
Personnel		
Employee Salaries	\$ 1,995,000	1,881,279
Employee Benefits, Insurance	201,500	181,793
Staff Development	20,000	13,711
Travel Expenditures	6,000	5,561
Membership Dues	6,000	6,096
Human Resources	2,000	2,974
	2,230,500	2,091,414
Contractual Services		
Payroll Service	7,500	8,793
Legal and Consulting Services	5,000	2,273
Bank Fees	2,000	3,490
Trustee Development	2,500	965
•	17,000	15,521
Technology Processing Supplies		
Bindery	400	-
Microfilming Supplies	4,000	3,901
Computers	26,000	30,826
ILL Lost Items	500	227
	30,900	34,954
Technology Services		
OCLC	3,500	3,412
Software	8,000	6,475
Comptuer Supplies	2,000	1,535
Computer Fees - Pinnacle Cooperative	60,000	64,310
Data Lines - ICN	2,700	2,639
Computer Maintenance Agreement	60,000	57,210
Lease Agreements	26,000	31,327
E-Mail and Web Hosting	600	793
Subscriptions Services	60,000	55,410
	222,800	223,111

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Culture and Recreation - Continued		
Office Expenditures		
Office Supplies	\$ 50,500	42,041
Postage	3,500	3,982
Newsletter	45,000	53,101
Web Page Development	8,000	2,025
Printing	1,000	1,200
Telephone	14,000	12,259
Public Relations, Other	35,000	29,803
Rental Property	5,650	4,136
Contingencies	20,000	(535)
	182,650	148,012
Equipment and Furnishings	20,000	3,917
Programming and Outreach		
Adult	72,500	70,656
Library-Wide	10,000	10,553
·	82,500	81,209
Print Materials		
Adults	129,500	124,494
Children	99,500	62,746
Young Adults	42,500	28,357
5	271,500	215,597
Non-Print Material		
Database Licensing	21,000	19,931
Downloadable Materials	233,500	229,734
Young Adult	4,800	1,794
Toung Addit	259,300	251,459
Other Materials	3,000	1,985
Total Expenditures	3,320,150	3,067,179

Special Reserve - Capital Projects Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Interest Income (Loss)	\$ 4,050	(33,812)
Miscelleous		
Impact Fees	75,000	113,702
Total Revenues	79,050	79,890
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services Capital Outlay Total Expenditure	27,000 280,000 307,000	11,530 144,722 156,252
Net Change in Fund Balance	(227,950)	(76,362)
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,956,758
Fund Balance - Ending		1,880,396

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

		Spe	ecial Revenue		Capital	
			Illinois		Projects	
		Social	Municipal		Sites, Building	
	S	ecurity	Retirement	Audit	and Equipment	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments Receivables - Net of Allowances	\$	2,314	2,314	2,314	267,389	274,331
Property Taxes		2,578	2,578	2,578	184,339	192,073
Total Assets		4,892	4,892	4,892	451,728	466,404
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Taxes		4,892	4,892	4,892	349,835	364,511
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		_	-	-	101,893	101,893
Total Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances		4,892	4,892	4,892	451,728	466,404

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Illinois		Capital Projects	
	Social	Municipal	A 1:4	Sites, Building	T-4-1-
	Security	Retirement	Audit	and Equipment	Totals
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 2,153	2,153	3	311,502	315,811
Expenditures					
Culture and Recreation	148,922	203,264	7,290	329,805	689,281
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(146,769) (201,111)	(7,287)	(18,303)	(373,470)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	146,769	201,111	5,217	-	353,097
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(2,070)	(18,303)	(20,373)
Fund Balances - Beginning		-	2,070	120,196	122,266
Fund Balances - Ending		-	-	101,893	101,893

Social Security - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues Taxes		
Property Taxes	\$ 2,158	2,153
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation Personnel	159,000	148,922
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(156,842)	(146,769)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		146,769
Net Change in Fund Balance	(156,842)	-
Fund Balance - Beginning		
Fund Balance - Ending		

Illinois Municipal Retirement - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Taxes		
Property Taxes	\$ 2,158	2,153
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation	227.000	202 264
Personnel	227,000	203,264
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(224,842)	(201,111)
Other Financing Sources		201 111
Transfers In	-	201,111
Net Change in Fund Balance	(224,842)	-
Fund Balance - Beginning		
Fund Balance - Ending		

Audit - Special Revenue Fund

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Taxes Property Taxes	\$ -	3
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation Audit	7,500	7,290
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,500)	(7,287)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		5,217
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,500)	(2,070)
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,070
Fund Balance - Ending		

Sites, Building and Equipment - Capital Projects Fund

		Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$	315,024	311,502
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Building Expenditures	_	341,100	329,805
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(26,076)	(18,303)
Fund Balance - Beginning			120,196
Fund Balance - Ending			101,893

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

PLAINFIELD PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT, ILLINOIS

Schedule of Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates, Extensions and Collections Last Two Tax Levy Years June 30, 2022

		2020	20			2021	_	
	Will C	Will County	Kendall County	County	Will County	unty	Kendall County	County
Assessed Valuations	\$2,	\$2,374,250,660		\$1,297,663	\$2,	\$2,446,399,628		\$1,379,648
Tax Rates and Extensions	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount
Corporate	0.16770 \$	3,979,422	0.16870 \$	2,178	0.16700 \$	4,083,183	0.16870 \$	2,308
Audit	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	4,890	ı	2
IMRF	0.00010	2,373	0.00005	1	0.00020	4,890	0.00005	2
Social Security	0.00010	2,373	0.00005	1	0.00020	4,890	0.00005	2
Insurance	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı
Construction/Maintenance	0.01460	346,449	0.01454	189	0.01460	349,638	0.01454	197
Total Tax Rates	0.18250	4,330,617	0.18334	2,369	0.18200	4,447,491	0.18334	2,511
Collections		3,892,696	I	2,368	II	2,104,543		619
Percent Collected		%68.68	I	%96.66%		47.32%		24.65%

Data Source: Office of the County Clerks for each of the counties for which the Library files a property tax levy.

Note: Rates are per \$1,000 of Assessed Value